THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9183. EDINBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1780.

THEATRE ROYAL.

To-Morrow Evening, being THURSDAY the 13th inst. will presented, the Comedy of the

SUSPICIOUS HUSBAND.

Ranger, by Mr LEWIS,
From the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden,
(His first Appearance on this Stage.)
Strickland, *(first time)* Mr INCHBALD:
Bellamy, Mr LANE;—Jack Meggot, Mr CHALMERS;
Tester, Mr BAILEY;—Buckle, Mr CHARTERIS;
And Frankly, Mr CUMMINS.
Mrs Strickland, Mrs WOODS; Jaratha, Miss MILLS;
And Clarinda, *(first time)* Mrs INCHBALD.

To which will be added, The

DEVIL TO PAY;
Or, The WIVES METAMORPHOS'D.

Sir John Lovemle, Mr TYLER,
(His first Appearance on this Stage.)
Jobson, Mr BAILEY.
Lady Lovemle, Mrs BAILEY;
And Nell, Miss MILLS.

Tickets to be had, and boxes taken of Mr Swalwell, at the Theatre.

On *Saturday*, DOUGLAS. Douglas, Mr LEWIS; Old Norval, Mr WILKINSON; Lady Randolph, Mrs JACKSON, from the Theatre Royal, Covent Garden.

ROYAL BANK, EDINBURGH, JUNE 17, 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Bank of Scotland give notice, That the General Court of Proprietors, held the 6th inst. having declared a Dividend of Five and Half *per cent.* to be payable on their capital stock, for the half year ending at Mid-summer next; the same will begin to be paid to the Proprietors on Thursday the 13th July next; and so to continue thereafter at the usual hours of attendance at the Bank: And in order to settle the said dividend, no transfer of stock will be made from Thursday the 29th current, to Thursday the said 13th July next, both inclusive.

ARCHD. HOPE, Secretary.

A FORGERY.

THE Proprietors of the SUNDERLAND BANK having had four Promissory Notes for Five Pounds each presented for payment, through one channel, which are forged, and which bear the appearance of their Notes for Five Pounds, the Public are desired to attend to the following description of the said forgery: And, if any suspicious person should offer any such forged notes in payment, they are earnestly requested to apprehend such person or persons, and give immediate notice to the Sunderland Bank, or to any of the Banks at Newcastle or Darlington, or to Messrs Allan and Stuart, Edinburgh.

The Forged Notes appear to have been first drawn with a pencil, and afterwards covered with Indian Ink in the engraving part, and with common ink in the written part. They are ill executed, and in particular upon very bad paper, without any water-mark.

The Real Notes of the old plate, which are imitated in the forgery, have WILLIAM RUSSEL, SUNDERLAND, in a water-mark, which is readily perceived on the least examination.

Whoever can discover the person or persons concerned in the forgery, or offering the same in payment, knowing them to be so, shall, upon commitment, on satisfactory proof, receive FIFTY POUNDS; and upon conviction FIFTY POUNDS more to be paid by the [illegible] Sunderland Bank, at their office in Sunderland. And any person or persons concerned in the said forgery, discovering his or their accomplice or accomplices, upon conviction, will be entitled to the above reward; and his Majesty's pardon.

St James's, June 27, 1780.

WHEREAS it has been humbly represented to the King, that four Promissory Notes, for Five Pounds each, purporting to be the notes of the Sunderland Bank, have lately been presented for payment at the said Bank, which Notes appear to have been forged by some person or persons unknown.

His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to justice the person or persons concerned in the said Forgery, or offering the said Notes in payment, is hereby pleased to promise his most gracious pardon to any one of them (the actual forger or forgers excepted) who shall discover his or her accomplice, or accomplices therein, so that he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

STORMONT.

The Public will please to observe, that the Proprietors of the said Bank have issued notes from a new plate, which has RUSSEL, ALLAN, and CO. SUNDERLAND BANK, in a water-mark, and engraved by J. Gray, whose name is in the tail of the 1. in (1 Pounds.) They will further observe, that all the old notes having the water-mark as before described, (WILLIAM RUSSEL SUNDERLAND) are equally as good as the new notes, to which they will please give particular attention.

TO BE SOLD,

A Good neat second-hand PHAETON, with gilt springs, little worse for wear; will go with one or two horses.——To be seen at Mr Cockburn's, vintner, Bristo Street, Edinburgh, where particulars may be known.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of Messrs ROBERT and PETER COLVILLS are desired to meet in the British Coffeehouse, upon Monday the 17th current, at one o'clock, to take under their consideration proposals for a Tack of the Coal and Salt Works of Craigflower.

Not to be repeated.

To the CREDITORS of

CHA. BARCLAY MAITLAND of Tillicoultry.

THESE Creditors are requested to meet by themselves or doers in the British Coffeehouse, upon Thursday next week, the 20th curt. at one o'clock *P. M.* when matters of importance are to be laid before them.

THE ROUP of the Lands and Estate of St GERMANS is *PUT OFF* to the 9th of August.

The particulars will be inserted in future advertisements.

GRASS GROUNDS TO LET.

THE Farms of CARSEBROCK, HOLLINGS, and DARNBOG, lying upon the east and north sides of the high road leading from Stirling to Falkirk, and midway betwixt them, to be let jointly or severally for this season for grasing; the lands of Carsebrock till Martinmas next, and the lands of Hollings and Darnbog till the first of April next.—These lands lie very commodious for cattle going to and from the fairs.—Carsebrock is a rich meadow soil; and Hollings and Darnbog are fit for winter pasture, affording plenty of shelter for cattle.—There will be a considerable quantity of Hay upon the ground, to be sold at a reasonable rate, for the convenience of the tenant.

For particulars, enquire at the toll-bar, at James Henderson of Blairs residing in the neighbourhood, or James Wyse vintner at Falkirk.

PARLANE's HOTEL,

FIRST Stair in the Royal Bank Close, Edinburgh, and second door of the stair, fronting the Cross; elegantly fitted up for the reception of the Nobility and Gentry.

When the above is wanted, please direct for James Parlane, John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

Every entertainment in genteel taste can be had on the shortest notice.

TO BE SOLD,

A CORNETCY in the Scots Greys, or Second Regiment of Dragoons, at the regulated price of the regiment, and attended with particular advantages to the purchaser.

Apply to James Walker writer to the signet, north St David's Street.

To be SOLD, or LET furnished, and entered to immediately,

MR Hope's HOUSE, fronting the great avenue leading from the city of Edinburgh through Hope Park, with the offices, garden, and little park belonging thereto. The House is well supplied with water by a pipe in the kitchen, and the offices contain coach-house, stables, and many other conveniencies. There is good access for carriages by the road at the back of the house. The avenue to the house, with kitchen and flower gardens, and small park, contain about two Scots acres. The house will be let either with or without the furniture.

The subjects will be shown by calling at the house; and James Walker writer to the signet, North St David's Street, will show the title-deeds, and inform as to other particulars.

TO be SOLD by voluntary roup, within the house of Mr John Barclay writer in Tain, on Thursday the 27th day of July curt. betwixt the hours of four and six in the afternoon,

A TENEMENT of LAND, or Mansion-house, Office-houses, Garden, and other pertinents thereto belonging, at the Milltown of New Tarbet, within the parish of Kilmuir-Easter, and shire of Ross; and also the benefit of a Tack, for the years thereof yet to run, of the Lands of Ballintraid, entered into between William Ross of Aldie, as proprietor of the lands and estate of Newmore, and the deceased John Goury, Esq; Commissary of Ross, for the space of forty seven years from and after the term of Whitsunday 1780, lying in the parish of Kilmuir-Easter, and said county of Ross.

The inventary of writs of the said tenement, the rental, and tack of the said lands, and the articles and conditions of roup, to be seen in the hands of the said Mr John Barclay, and copies thereof in the hands of Mr John Hay accomptant in Edinburgh.

From the London Papers, July 7.

LONDON.

This day Mr Serjeant Heath was sworn into the office of one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, in the room of the late Sir William Blackstone, at the Lord Chancellor's house, in Ormond-street.

James Wallace, Esq; was sworn into the office of the King's Attorney-General, in the room of Lord Loughborough.

Several other promotions in the law will take place in a few days, when some of the leading Barristers are expected to be called within the Bar as Serjeants.

It was last night reported that General Washington had sent notice to Congress of his resolution of resigning his command, and retiring to his estate in Virginia.

We are assured that the military will remain in and about the cities of London and Westminster during the summer recess of Parliament.

The rejection of the Popery bill, after all the amendents and debates in both Houses, has surprised a great many people not in the secret; but its rejection was from the beginning an object of government, though they permitted it to go such lengths as it did.

It is some comfort to the public to learn that there is in this kingdom a decrease of Papists, from the respectable authority of the Right Rev. Lords the Bishops.

When Mr Harley made a motion in the House of Commons for reading the riot act, a member wittily said, "And then the Commons will disperse."

Orders are given for making up the accounts of the army and navy, generally, to Christmas-day last, to be laid before their respective Boards, and from thence to be introduced to the Privy Council.

It is whispered that on Wednesday a Commission passed the Great Seal, empowering a certain noble Lord in high office to treat of and conclude a truce or peace with Spain.

We are informed that a dreadful conflagration happened at St Roque, (the Spanish camp at Gibraltar) which has made great havock with their ammunition, &c. &c. and that a scarcity of bread prevails all over Spain, which together, we hope, will be conducive in bringing about an honourable peace for Great Britain.

It is now in agitation in the Cabinet to new model and refine the police of the cities of London and Westminster; that several law officers will speedily set about making a new code of laws, for the more effectual protection of the persons and property of his Majesty's subjects, which is to be presented to Parliament early the next sessions; and, until that period, the military will be continued in the city.

Whilst a certain Royal Person was not on the most friendly terms with his brother, Opposition, and the diurnal retailers of their sentiments, paid the highest compliment to his Royal Highness's patriotism, and extolled his conduct in the most flattering manner; but no sooner did the mutual fraternal affection again take place, which is so natural to brother and brother, than the virulence of party, and the rancour of disappointment, made their appearance in print, and they are now abusing the very person whom they so lately made their idol of adulation.

As a proof how near the American rebellion draws to a conclusion, we can assure our readers, from undoubted authority, that most of the refugees who have civil appointments under Government, have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to embark for America at an hour's notice.

It is said, that the Captains who were supposed to betray a certain degree of bashfulness on the 17th of April, have fully removed and done away every former suspicion, by their conduct in the late naval action off Martinique.

It is a disagreeable circumstance, that, in all the accounts sent home by our naval commanders, the French ships are declared to sail far better than the British. To what can this be owing? Not to superior skill in seamanship; for, in that point our mariners are indisputably so. It must then arise from the construction of our ships; yet there is scarcely a new ship launched of which it is not said, "She is the "finest ship of her rate." Is it from their bottoms being foul, and too long off the ground? The new mode of coppering might have remedied that complaint. Whatever it may be, it is certainly a subject well worthy the serious consideration of those who are at the head of naval affairs.

Nevertheless, the two late actions have been greatly in our favour, though we have not taken a ship from the enemy. The character of our navy must stand in a respectable point of view, when five ships only, in the first action, and twelve in the last, could boldly attack a fleet of twenty-three sail of the line; and the damage the French have received in those actions will require some time to repair, as to defeat their schemes.

On Wednesday, a gentleman of fortune swam from London-bridge to Somerset-house, for a capital sum. He was allowed fifteen minutes to do it, but performed it in thirteen minutes and a half, to the great surprize of a number of spectators. The knowing ones were deeply taken in.

A person, named Kimbal, bred a Jesuit, but who has, for several years past, figured away with some eclat as comedian at York, has lately not only renounced the stage, but the errors of Popery, and has converted himself to a Methodist preacher. He has exhibited already in several pulpits in Yorkshire, and has a vast number of followers wherever he preaches.

A poor woman was, on Monday night, observed by a gentleman in Arundel-street, in the Strand, going down towards the water, with a child wrapt up carefully in her apron, the cries of which she used every endeavour to suppress. Her conduct in this respect, added to the extreme poverty of her appearance, excited some suspicion in the gentleman's mind as to her intentions, and he followed her at a convenient distance, to see the final issue of the transaction. When she got quite to the bottom of the street, she sat down upon the stairs leading to the water, and began to undress the child, and put the cloths in her pocket. When this operation was very nearly completed, and the child, in all probabilty, was on the point of being plunged into immediate destruction, the gentleman interposed, took the infant from her arms, and called a watchman to secure its unnatural mother.—She was accordingly carried before Sir John Fielding, where she confessed the nature of her designs in the fullest manner, and acknowledged, that if [illegible] had not stopped in at the very moment he did, she would certainly have instantly thrown her infant into the water. The reason she assigned for this peculiar and unnatural barbarity was, that her husband was gone to sea; that she was left without any means of subsistence; and that it was more agreeable to her to kill her child at once, than to see it starve by degrees, from a want of the common necessaries of life.

A gentleman in the barony of Inveraghs, in the county of Kerry, has for some years past made it a practice to land cargoes of tobacco, and other excisable goods, on which no duty whatever was paid, to the great detriment of the fair trader. Various schemes have been devised to prevent the illicit business; but a wild and lawless country, bordered by unnumbered creeks and havens, could never be commanded by the revenue cruisers, or the Excise Officers of the district.

However, a few days ago, the commanders of the Mason and Dungannon cruisers, having certain intelligence that a cargo was landed near the above mentioned gentleman's house, they took on board 30 soldiers to act as marines, and sailed to the spot, where they heard a smuggling cutter had got off, but that the cargo was landed near Mr C——'s house, and lodged in his warehouses. The captains made a disposition for landing the men, but were opposed by a number of people with firelocks on shore; they, notwithstanding, made their landing good, and marched towards the house, amidst a running fire upon them kept up by the countrymen. When they came near the house, they found its attack impracticable, from its strong situation, and the great force within, who fired at them from the windows, on which they thought it advisable to land a four-pounder from each vessel, and raise a battery therewith, covered by a parapet; which being done, they began to batter the house. But, after some time, the people within thought proper to make their escape from the house, on which they entered, and seized a quantity of tobacco and other goods, much greater than their vessels could bring off, the remainder they destroyed, and three days afterwards got safe to Corke.

Mr Langdale has declared his intention of suing the city of London for a reimburtsement of that part of his loss occasioned by the late riots, which Government may refuse to allow him; he will ground his action on a particular statute of George I. which expressly enjoins, "that the above Corporate Body shall make good all the losses of those citizens whose property they do not protect from the licentious attacks of the mob."

The following rule is laid down at the Old Bailey, respecting the rewards to be paid on conviction of the rioters:

When an evidence comes to be sworn that has made a discovery of the prisoner, he is asked, whether he expects to receive the reward on the prisoner's conviction; if his reply is in the affirmative, his evidence is not credited; if he replies in the negative, his name is taken down, and no reward is paid him, by which means Government will not pay any of the rewards.

From the London Gazette, July 8.

Westminster, July 8.

THIS day his Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal robes seated on the Throne with the usual solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to give the Royal assent to

An act to prevent any mischief or inconvenience which may arise to the sheriffs, gaolers, suitors, prisoners, or others, by the prisoners in the several gaols in the counties of Middlesex and Surrey, and the city of London, having been set at liberty during the late tumults and insurrections.

After which his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT gives me great satisfaction to find myself able to determine this long session of Parliament, that you may be at liberty to return to your several counties, and attend to your private affairs, after so laborious a discharge of your duty in the public service; and I take this occasion to express my sincere acknowledgment for the fresh proofs you have given me of your affectionate zeal for the support of my government, and of your just estimation of the real and permanent interests of your country.

Your magnanimity and perseverance in the prosecution of this just and necessary war, have enabled me to make such exertions as will, I trust, by the assistance of Divine Providence, disappoint the violent and unjust designs of my enemies, and bring them to listen to equitable and honourable terms of peace.

These exertions have already been attended with success by sea and land; and the late important and prosperous turn of affairs in North America affords the fairest prospect of the returning loyalty and affection of my subjects in the Colonies, and of their happy re-union with their parent country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I feel myself under particular obligations to thank you for the large and ample supplies you have so chearfully granted, and for the confidence you repose in me. No attention shall be wanting, on my part, to render them effectual, and to see them faithfully applied.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

Let me earnestly recommend to you to assist me, by your influence and authority in your several counties, as you have by your unanimous support in Parliament, in guarding the peace of the kingdom from future disturbances, and watching over the preservation of the public safety. Make my people sensible of the happiness they enjoy, and the distinguished advantages they derive, from our excellent constitution in church and state. Warn them of the hazard of innovation; point out to them the fatal consequences of such commotions as have lately been excited; and let it be your care to impress on their minds this important truth, That rebellious insurrections to resist or to reform the laws, must end either in the destruction of the persons who make the attempt, or in the subversion of our free and happy constitution.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's command, said,

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is his Majesty's Royal will and pleasure, That this Parliament be prorogued to Thursday the 24th day of August next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the 24th day of August next.

Copy of a letter from General Sir Henry Clinton, K. B. to Lord George Germain, dated Head Quarters, Charles Town, South Carolina, June 3. 1780.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to inclose, for your Lordship's information, the copies of two Proclamations I have found it necessary to issue as Commander in Chief, and the copy of a hand-bill which has been circulated amongst the inhabitants, and appears to have had a very good effect. I have the honour to be, &c.

H. CLINTON.

Hand-Bill issued after the Surrender of Charlestown.

WHEN the Royal army arrived in South Carolina, the Commander in Chief avoided, as much as possible, every measure which might excite the loyal inhabitants to rise in favour of Government, and thus bring danger and trouble upon themselves, at a time when the King's army, being employed in the reduction of Charles-Town, could not assist or second their struggles.

The blood of the loyalists that had been unhappily shed, and the quence of the former spirited but ill-timed insurrections of the King's numerous friends on the back of both Carolinas, had already occasioned too much grief and regret to his Majesty and their fellow-subjects in Europe, for him wantonly to bring again into hazard the lives and happiness of men who deserve so well of their country.

But Charles-Town with its harbour, and Fort Moultrie, being now reduced, and their garrisons, to the amount of 6000 men, with all their arms, stores, artillery, and ships of war, being in possession of his Majesty's forces, the time is come when it is equally the interest and duty of every good man to be in readiness to join the King's troops, and assist them in establishing justice and liberty, and in restoring and securing their own property, whenever they shall march to support them against the small rebel parties that still linger at a distance in the province.

After so much disorder, violence, and oppression, the helping hand of every man is wanted to re-establish peace and good government; and as the Commander in Chief wished not to draw the King's friends into danger, when any doubt could remain of their success; so now, that that is certain, he trusts that one and all will heartily join, and, by a general concurrence, give effect to such necessary measures for that purpose as, from time to time, may be pointed out to them. And they may rest assured, that every means will be used to avoid giving them any trouble that may not be necessary to secure to them peace, liberty, and prosperity.

In order to attain these happy ends, it is the duty of all men, who wish well to themselves and their country, to be ready at a moment, with their arms, to regain their just rights, and support the free constitution of their forefathers, under which we all increased and prospered.

Those who have families will form a militia to remain at home, and occasionally to assemble in their own districts, when required, under officers of their own chusing, for the maintenance of peace and good order. Those who have no families, and can conveniently be spared for a time, it is hoped will cheerfully assist his Majesty's troops in driving their rebel oppressors, and all the miseries of war, far from the province.

For this purpose it is necessary, that the young men be ready to assemble when required, and serve with the King's troops for any six months of the ensuing twelve that may be found requisite, under proper regulations. They may chuse officers to each company to command them, and will be allowed, when on service, pay, ammunition, and provisions, in the same manner as the troops when they join the army, each man will be furnished with a certificate, declaring, that he is only engaged to serve as a militia-man for the time specified; that he is not to be marched beyond North Carolina and Georgia, and that when the time is out, he is freed from all claims whatever of military service, except the common and usual militia-duty where he lives.

He will then have paid his debt to his country, and be entitled to enjoy undisturbed that peace, liberty, and property at home, which he had contributed to secure.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

By his Excellency Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's forces within the colonies lying on the Atlantic Ocean, from Nova Scotia to West Florida, inclusive.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS notwithstanding the gracious offers which have been made to receive to his Majesty's peace and protection, with pardon and oblivion for their past offences, all those his deluded and infatuated subjects who should return to their duty and a due obedience to the laws; yet there are some wicked and desperate men, who, regardless of the ruin and misery in which the country will be involved, are still endeavouring to support the flame of rebellion, and, under pretence of authority derived from the late usurped legislatures, are attempting by enormous fines, grievous imprisonments, and sanguinary punishments, to compel his Majesty's faithful and unwilling subjects to take up arms against his authority and government; and it is therefore become necessary, as well for the protection of the loyal subjects, as to procure the establishment of peace and good government in the country, to prevent, by the terror of example, such enormous offences being committed in future. I have, therefore, thought fit to issue this my proclamation, to declare, that if any person shall hereafter appear in arms in order to prevent the establishment of his Majesty's Government in this country, or shall, under any pretence or authority whatsoever, attempt to compel any other person or persons to do so, or who shall hinder or intimidate, or attempt to hinder or intimidate, the King's faithful and loyal subjects from joining his forces, or otherwise performing those duties their allegiance requires, such person or persons so offending shall be treated with that severity as hardened and criminal an obstinacy will deserve, and his or their estates will be immediately seized in order to be confiscated. And for the encouragement of the King's faithful and peaceable subjects, I do again assure them, that they shall meet with effectual countenance, protection, and support; and whenever the situation of the country will permit of the restoration of civil government and peace, they will, by the Commissioners appointed by his Majesty for that purpose, be restored to the full possession of that liberty in their persons and property, which they had before experienced under the British Government. And that so desirable an event may be the more speedily accomplished, I do hereby, in his Majesty's name, require and command all persons whatever to be aiding and assisting to his forces, whenever they shall be required, in order to extirpate the rebellion, and thereby restore peace and prosperity to this, at present, desolated and distracted country.

Given under my hand, at Head Quarters in Charlestown, the 22d day of May. (Signed) H. CLINTON.

By his Excellency's command,
(Signed) *Nathaniel Philips*,
Assisting Secretary.

(COPY) SOUTH CAROLINA.

By his Excellency Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's forces within the Colonies lying on the Atlantic Ocean, from Nova Scotia to West Florida inclusive, &c. &c.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, after the arrival of his Majesty's forces under my command in this province, in February last, numbers of persons were made prisoners by the army, or voluntarily surrendered themselves as such, and such persons were afterwards dismissed on their respective paroles: And whereas, since the surrender of Charlestown, and the defeats and dispersion of the rebel forces, it is become unnecessary that such paroles should be any longer observed; and it is fit and proper that all persons should take an active part in settling and securing his Majesty's Government, and delivering the country from that anarchy which for some time past hath prevailed: I do, therefore, issue this my proclamation, to declare, that all the inhabitants of this province who are now prisoners upon parole, and were not in the military line, (those who were in Fort Moultrie and Charlestown at the times of their capitulation and surrender, or were then in actual confinement excepted) that from and after the 20th day of June instant, they are freed and exempted from all such paroles, and may hold themselves as restored to all the rights and duties belonging to citizens and inhabitants. And all persons under the description before mentioned, who shall afterwards neglect to return to their allegiance, and to his Majesty's Government, will be considered as enemies and rebels to the same, and treated accordingly, &c.

Given under my hand, at Head Quarters in Charlestown, the 3d day of June 1780, and in the twentieth year of his Majesty's reign.

(Signed) H. CLINTON.

By his Excellency's command,
(Signed) *Peter Russell*, Assist. Sec.

To their Excellencies Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Bath, General of his Majesty's forces, and Mariot Arbuthnot, Esq; Vice-Admiral of the Blue, his Majesty's Commissioners to restore peace and good government in the several Colonies in rebellion in North America.

The humble ADDRESS of divers Inhabitants of Charlestown.

THE Inhabitants of Charlestown, by the articles of capitulation, are declared prisoners on parole; but we the underwritten, having every inducement to return to our allegiance, and ardently hoping speedily to be re-admitted to the character and condition of British subjects, take this opportunity of tendering to your Excellencies our warmest congratulations on the restoration of this Capital and Province to their political connexion with the Crown and Government of Great Britain, and we trust, entitle you to the most distinguished marks of the Royal favour.

Although the right of taxing America in Parliament, excited considerable ferments in the minds of the people of this Province, yet it may with a religious adherence to truth be affirmed, that they did not entertain the most distant thought of dissolving the union that so happily subsisted between them and their parent country; and when, in the progress of that fatal controversy, the doctrine of independency (which originated in the more northern colonies) made its appearance among us, our natures revolted at the idea, and we look back with the most painful regret on those convulsions that gave existence to a power of subverting a constitution, for which we always had, and ever shall retain, the most profound veneration, and substituting in its stead a rank democracy, which however carefully digested in theory, on being reduced into practice has exhibited a system of tyrannic domination, only to be found among the uncivilized part of mankind, or in the history of the dark and barbarous ages of antiquity.

We sincerely lament, that, after the repeal of those statutes, which gave rise to the troubles in America, the overtures made by his Majesty's Commissioners, from time to time, were not regarded by our late rulers. To this fatal inattention are to be attributed those calamities which have involved our country in a state of misery and ruin, from which, however, we trust it will soon emerge, by the wisdom and clemency of his Majesty's auspicious Government, and the influence of prudential laws, adapted to the nature of the evils we labour under; and that the people will be restored to those privileges, in the enjoyment whereof their former felicity consisted.

Animated with these hopes, we intreat your Excellency's interposition, in assuring his Majesty, that we shall glory in every occasion of manifesting that zeal and affection for his person and government, with which gratitude can inspire a free and joyful people.

Charlestown, June 5. 1780.

[Signed by 210 of the principal inhabitants.]

Admiralty-office, July 8. 1780.

THE following is a copy of the Articles of Capitulation on the surrender of Fort Moultrie, referred to in, but which were ommitted to be sent with, Vice-Admiral Arbuthnot's letter of the 14th of May last, published in the Gazette Extraordinary of the 15th of last month.

Articles of Capitulation, agreed on between Captain Charles Hudson, commander of his Majesty's ship the Richmond, and Lieutenant-Colonel Scott, Commandant of Fort Moultrie, on the surrender of that Fort and its Dependencies, May 7. 1780.

ARTICLE I.

THAT the troops in garrison shall be allowed to march out with the usual honours of war, and to pile their arms outside of the gate.

ART. II. That all the officers in garrison, as well Continental as militia, and the non-commissioned officers and privates of the militia, shall be considered as prisoners of war at large on their parole, until exchanged; and be allowed, in the mean time, to reside with their families and friends, Charlestown excepted, as it is at present under siege.

ART. III. That the Continental and militia officers be permitted to wear their side arms.

ART. IV. That the slaves and other property of every individual in garrison be secured to their respective owners: That all such slaves in garrison, belonging to persons out of it, be secured to their respective owners in such manner as may be agreed upon between Capt. Hudson and the commanding officer of the fort.

ART. V. All property, slaves, &c. to be secured to each individual of the garrison, such as is lodged in the fort, for security or otherwise, belonging to individuals out of the garrison, to be delivered up.

ART. VI. That the sick have every necessary accommodation, and all the Continental private soldiers be treated in a humane manner, and not rigorously confined; every humanity to be shown to both sick and well.

ART. VII. The fort, artillery, arms, ammunition, and stores of all kinds, to be delivered up to such officers of the guard as Captain Hudson shall think proper to send for the purpose.

ART. VIII. The garrison to march out of the fort, and pile their arms, early this morning, in front of the British forces, who will be drawn up before the entrance of the fort on the occasion.

(Signed) CHARLES HUDSON.
WILLIAM SCOTT, Lieut Col.
1st reg. and Commandant of
Fort Moultrie.

A Copy,
MARIOT ARBUTHNOT.

St James, July 8. The King has been pleased to present the Rev. Mr Daniel Rose, preacher of the Gospel, to the church and parish of Dingwall, in the presbytery of Dingwall, and county of Ross, vacant by the death of Mr Adam Rose, late minister thereof.

The King has been pleased to appoint Mr John Pringle, Advocate, to be sheriff-depute of the shires or sheriffdoms of Stirling and Clackmannan, in the room of Mr Alexander Abercromby, who has resigned.

[This Gazette likewise contains addresses from the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the city of Coventry; and from the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgesses of the burgh of Leicester.]

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYDS, *July 7.*

The Eagle, Barnes, from Whitehaven to Petersburgh, fell in with a French privateer of 30 guns, near the Isles of Lewis, with which she kept up a running fight for many hours, but was at last forced on shore on the Island of Tarry, near Mull: The Captain writes he would have got the ship off next day, had not a gale of wind sprung up, which beat her to pieces; they are endeavouring to save what they can of the wreck.

Portsmouth, 6. The Charon of 44 guns, the Thetis and the Southampton of 32, and the Kite sloop, are appointed to convoy the Jamaica fleet, which are expected to sail about the 20th of this month.

The Earl of Talbot, Hindman, from London, was going up Bengal river the 2d of December last, all well.

The Betty, Bruce, from Gottenburg to Aberdeen, is arrived at Peterhead, after being taken by three French privateers, and ransomed for 500 l.

The La Virgine Dal Sra. Rosario, Curtis, (a Neapolitan) from Naples to London, is taken by the Algerines.

Extract of a letter from Swanley, July 3. Last night, arrived a vessel from Cornwall, with copper ore, after being taken and ransomed for 130 guineas, by the Mayflower privateer, of Dunkirk, a lugger of two guns and twenty swivels. She also took the diligence, from hence to Cornwall, with coals, and ransomed her for 150 guineas. She has taken many more, names unknown.

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, June 14. It is current here, that the Ranger, Molloy, has fallen into the hands of the enemy, such an account having been spread by a Dane, who says he had it from a French man of war off the Bar, where there are seven of them blocking up this harbour some days past. Yesterday, they chased in the Eolus frigate, which luckily escaped them.

The Neptune, Berry, from Swanley, is arrived at Falmouth, after being taken near the Land's End by a French privateer, and ransomed for 500 l.

The Tartar, Captain Hott, on the 15th of June, in a fog fell in with seven French ships of the line, and three frigates, off Lisbon, who chaced him, but he got safe into Lisbon.

The Admiral Edwards privateer, Captain Murdon, is arrived at Dartmouth from a cruise, having taken a schooner, from Bourdeaux to America, with salt, wine, and bale goods. On board the privateer is Captain Cunningham.

The Active privateer of Pool is taken by a French frigate, a cutter and a brig, and carried into Brest.

The Union privateer of Pool, the Rambler ditto of Guernsey, and the Alarm ditto of Jersey, have taken in the Bay of Biscay after an hour's resistance, and sent into Pool, La Vierge Maria, about 200 tons, from Bourdeaux to Cape Francois. She mounts eight six and nine pounders, besides pateraroes, and 47 men, laden with wine, brandy, and some bales of linen, &c.

The Endeavour privateer of Jersey has taken and sent into that place the Postilion de Caen, a French brig, from Havre de Grace, for Caen, loaded with wheat, &c.

The Union, Bowen, from London, arrived at Milford, after being taken by the Black Princess privateer, off Lundy, the 1st instant, and ransomed for 700 l. The privateer had the same day taken three other vessels, and the day before eleven, mostly square rigged.

The John, Mortimore, from Liverpool, was taken the 30th ult. by ten Frenchmen armed with muskets, who boarded her from an open boat, and ransomed her for 300 l. The same people also boarded and took the Richard and Mary, Phillips, from Penzance for Plymouth, and put three Frenchmen on board, and sent her for France, with four women who were passengers.

The Batchelor, Lee, from Bristol, is arrived at Plymouth, after being taken the 30th ult. off the Lizard, by the Black Princess privateer, and ransomed for 1000 l.

From the London Papers, July 8.

LONDON.

To morrow their Majesties will go from Kew to Windsor-Castle, where they will continue to reside during the remainder of the summer.

A letter from the Forks of Brandywine, near Philadelphia, says, "We have long groaned under French intrigue and politics, and, strange to say, that although the people are convinced of their oppression, yet so much is their infatuation, that they seem more united and firm to oppose any measures that tend to pacific terms, or reconciliation with Great-Britain. Mr Samuel Adams, the favourite and distinguished leader of the American cause, is now under arrest at Philadelphia, because he had declared that the terms offered by the court of London were explicit and fully satisfactory to establish American liberty upon the most permanent foundation. The President of the Congress, who is the secret enemy of Mr Adams, has obtained a resolution to try him for high treason; it is yet unforeseen where or how this business may end."

A gentleman who has relations and friends at the head of Congress government, assures us, that he has the most undoubted intelligence from several members of that body, which informs him, that General Washington has, in very serious language, recommended it to them to make the best terms they can with Great-Britain; and if they do not, America must fall, as was predicted, at the Minister's feet; for the army was greatly diminished, the soldiers discontented, the resource of subsistence (Congress money) was not worth any thing, the people dispirited, the French a secret enemy, and no hopes of victory, of liberty, or of an honourable peace, in even a distant view. "Let us therefore, says he, do all we can to prevent father misfortune—let us do it unanimously; for when the ship is a-ground, it is no time to dispute by what mismanagement she came there; it is the business of her friends to prevent her being wrecked."

Certain advices are said to be received, that General Washington had not only resigned the command of the army, but that he has likewise wrote to the commanding officer at New-York, offering to submit to his Majesty's clemency.

The seamen taken in arms by Sir Henry Clinton in Charlestown, have entered on board the British fleet. This will be a desirable reinforcement to the ships on that station.

It is expected that orders will be immediately issued for raising six new regiments with all possible dispatch; the principal officers being already appointed for that service.

The Resolution and Discovery men of war are expected home from their voyage the beginning of next month; their last letters to the Admiralty mentioning their expectations to be in the Channel by the 10th of August.

It is not doubted but by this time Sir George Rodney has a fleet superior to the French and Spaniards in the West Indies, supposing they are united; for besides the convoy under Commodore Walsingham, and the Triumph which has just joined him, the Culloden and Prudent have sailed from England, and the Robuste and Russel from America, for the same purpose.

The French are certainly jealous of their new allies, and it is certainly on this account that Dr Franklin still continues in France: De Ternay's sailing to America is said to be owing to the same motive. The Court of Versailles tremble at the consequences of a re-union between Great-Britain and America, except by a general peace.

One of the largest fleets of merchantmen that ever came from the Leeward-islands is shortly expected to arrive in this kingdom; they were to assemble in Carlisle Bay, in the island of Barbadoes, and to sail about the middle of last month; their policies of insurance only give them to the 5th of July for the day of their departure, if they stay any longer than that time, they will be void. Besides the rum and sugar from our islands, prize goods of all sorts, to the amount of half a million, will come in the ships making part of the above fleet, which, with the English property, it is supposed will amount to upwards of three millions sterling.

The special commissions for trying rioters in Surry, will be opened on Monday next at St Margaret's Hill Southwark, when the bill of the indictment for high treason, against Lord George Gordon, will be presented to the grand Jury.

Yesterday evening all those prisoners whom his Majesty was most graciously pleased to respite, were removed from Newgate to the New Prison, Clerkenwell, to make room for other convicts who are under sentence of death.

Informations have this week been laid against upwards of twenty men and women for being concerned, and very active, in the late riots in this city, &c. three of whom were last night apprehended by a party of soldiers, and lodged in the Poultry Compter.

There are 140 prisoners to try for rioting in the county of Surry, which begins on Monday next at St Margaret's-Hill.

A gentleman, who is very curious, and wished to know exactly the number of houses, Chapels, and other buildings that had been destroyed or damaged by the rioters, says, from an actual survey, that the amount is 83.

The following executions will take place next week:

William M'Donald, Mary Roberts, and Charlotte Gardener, on Tuesday, upon Tower-hill, as near as may be to the end of St Catherine's-lane.

William Brown, the same day, in Bishopsgate-street, as near as may be to the house of Carter Daking.

William Puteman, the same day, in Coleman-street, as near as may be to the house of Robert Charlton.

Thomas Taplin and Richard Roberts, on Wednesday, as near as may be to the corner of Bow-street.

James Henry, the same day, in the open part of Holborn, as near as may be to the late house of Thomas Langdale.

Enoch Fleming, on Thursday, in Oxford-street, as near as conveniently may be to the end of Woodstock-street.

And Christopher Plumley, the same day, at Tyburn.

Extract of a letter from Corke, June 24.

"This morning, about a quarter past four o'clock, a vessel arrived here from America, the Captain of which reports, that yesterday he was chased by a French man of war of 74 guns, who coming up with him, gave him a broadside, but by the swift sailing of his vessel he got off, and received no other damage: He also says, the above French ship had taken three victuallers the same day, bound from this port to America, which were supposed to be Scotch. The French ship carried English colours until she came along side of his vessel, when she immediately changed to French. He further adds, that at a distance he observed to be another French man of war.

"His Majesty's ship the Alcide, of 74 guns, has this day arrived at Cove, and it is supposed will go as convoy with the fleet, which is ready to sail for America."

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, July 8.

"The manner in which the French fleet have been conducted against Sir George Rodney, tends, in a great measure, to revive that partial idea which the liberality of this country had almost stifled, "that French courage amounted to little more than gasconade." At one moment they affect a determination to fight; at another, without any affection at all, they determine to run away: Again, something like that sort of courage which is stimulated by shame, displays a glimmering dawn in their minds, and they, with the appearance of resolution, venture to leave their port, and once more to salute the British Admiral: No sooner, however, does the gallant Rodney indicate a disposition to receive them, and in a very *handsome* manner attempt to avenge the cause of his injured master, than French courage degenerates to mere gasconade, and the Monsieurs, regardless of their superiority, crowd all their sail to effect an escape. This sort of amusement may serve for a short time, but it cannot be permanent: Sir George will not suffer them long to continue idle, but, if he cannot compel them to come to an engagement with credit to themselves, will certainly, in a few weeks, *harrass* them into action, by his continual skirmishes.

"Never, perhaps, did this country appear in so glorious a point of view as at the present moment. Alone and unassisted, are we contending with a force *numerous* enough almost to *look* us into destruction; and yet success crowns our efforts in every part of the world. America nearly, if not altogether, subdued. The French navy in the West Indies, if not beat, yet under such terrific apprehensions of that event, that they dare not leave their port, and our Channel fleet riding triumphant, sole governor of the seas. "*Thus are we ruined!*" Thus are the judicious predictions of our able *patriots, fully accomplished!*

"We are still in a state of uncertainty with regard to the mode and time of trying the noble prisoner in the Tower. It is, however, believed he will be tried in Surry; but the public curiosity on this subject seems now totally subsided, and the existence of that noble Lord almost forgotten. Scarce any conversation is heard respecting him; and it certainly has been much to his Lordship's interest that his trial has been thus long delayed, every prejudice being now removed from the minds of the people."

Theatre-Royal, July 12. 1780.

To-morrow Evening, the SUSPICIOUS HUSBAND: Ranger by Mr Lewis, from the Theatre-Royal Covent-Garden.—On Saturday next the Tragedy of DOUGLAS: Douglas, Mr Lewis; Glenalvon, Mr Woods; Old Norval, Mr Wilkinson; and the part of Lady Randolph by Mrs Jackson, from the Theatre-Royal Covent-Garden, who has not appeared here these four years. Before the Play, a new Prelude, called, *The Manager in Distress*; or, *No Play at Edinburgh Races*. Also that evening, the Farce of the APPRENTICE: The Apprentice by Mr Lewis.—The BELLES STRATAGEM will be performed early next week, with new Dresses, Decorations, &c.

Archibald Edmonstone, Esq; younger of Duntreath, died at Bristol, the 30th of June last.

This day, the Court of Session, after having heard Counsel Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Yesterday, in the cause at the instance of the Royal Bank of Scotland, against David Reid, accused of a forgery upon that Bank, was pleased to remit the same to the High Court of Justiciary.

Yesterday, the annual Convention of Royal Burghs sat down. We do not hear that any business of consequence is to come before them. The Convention appointed John Grieve, Esq; Dean of Guild, preses, in the absence of the Lord Provost.

Same day the Royal Burghs appointed Thomas Langlands, Esq; to be their agent at London, in place of George Rose, Esq; who has resigned.

This day the University of Edinburgh conferred the degree of Doctor of Divinity, on the Reverend Alexander Hewit, late Minister of Charlestown, South-Carolina, and author of the History of that Province, published last year.

Wednesday morning last, two companies of the Southern Fencibles arrived at Dumfries from their head-quarters at Ayr; next day they marched for Kirkcudbright, where they are stationed for the protection of that coast.

Yesterday se'ennight, as a young woman who lives in Kirkgunnion was returning from a journey of a short distance, she was suddenly taken in labour, and without any assistance safely delivered on the road side of a fine girl; recovering herself, and with a view of proceeding home, she wrapt the child in her apron, with which she had not gone far, before she was again taken ill, and had just time to go into a neighbouring house, where she was again immediately delivered of a son, who, with its mother and the other young female, are all in a thriving condition.

A few days ago, a child of about eighteen months old, who had clambered up the steps leading to the weigh-house lofts, Aberdeen, fell down to the street, fractured his skull, and died next day.

The brig High Green, Captain Roger Macleod, was taken on the 22d ult. off Shetland, by James Magee commander of an American cruizer, in lat. 59 deg. 25 min. N. and long. 5 deg. 00 min. W.

By letters from Captain Henry Barns of the ship Eagle, of Whitehaven, dated Island of Terrie, the 14th and 15th ult. we have advice, that on the 12th, at six in the morning, being then in sight of the Lewis, and in company with the brig Jane and Mary (which sailed from Whitehaven along with the Eagle only four days before) and another ship they had fallen in with; they discovered a large sail at a distance and a little to leeward, and apprehending her to be an enemy's frigate, too much of force for the Eagle, Capt. Barns made sail for her and stood in with the Island of Terrie. The frigate immediately gave chace to the brig and ship, and soon came up with the former, but passed her without notice; and on reaching the ship, which was a little a-head, hoisted French colours and brought her too; she then made sail after the brig, which in the mean time had tacked and was standing to the westward. Captain Barns then hoped he would escape, and continued under all the sail he could set, making still towards the island, in hopes of preventing further pursuit, by getting in with the creeks and rocks, where the enemy would not dare to chace. In a little time, however, they perceived her giving chace to the Eagle, and coming up with her at a great rate. At two o'clock, being within gun-shot, she fired at the Eagle, which Capt. Barns returned, and made a running fight till four o'clock, when the frigate being up with the Eagle, Capt. Barns was under the necessity of striking, or running the Eagle into a bay then open to them. It being then moderate, and the sea perfectly smooth, they therefore took to the yawl and pulled directly on shore, on perceiving which the frigate put about and stood from them. The Eagle, not having received the least damage, they had no doubt of getting out again, but the wind coming suddenly round, and blowing hard full in shore, she was forced upon the rocks and entirely wrecked. Capt. Barns does not say positively that the Jane and Mary was taken, but apprehends she is. He supposes the force of the frigate to be 30 to 36 guns.

On Monday the 10th of July, a building, for the use of the Public Dispensary of Edinburgh, was begun in an area in Richmond-street, feued by the managers of that charity.

Below the foundation-stone was deposited a medal, on which was engraved a figure of the Goddess of Health, with the words *Salus Publica* for a legend; and on the reverse the following inscription, *Valetudinarium Edinburgenum conditum VIto Id. Julii*, 1780.

There was also put below the foundation-stone, in a glass hermetically sealed, a short account of the nature and plan of this charity; to which were prefixed the following lines from Mr Pope's Essay on Man:

In faith and hope the world will disagree,
But all mankind's concern is Charity:
All must be false that thwart this one great end,
And all of God that bless mankind, or mend.

Extract of a letter from Shetland, June 30.

"The Tartar privateer, Captain Hamilton, left Brassa Sound near three weeks ago. Last week a fishing boat brought account that she had taken an American prize, said to be a valuable one, and when the boat left them, they were both standing to the southward."

Extract of a letter from Carlisle, July 6.

"Our races began here on Monday last, but this is the worst meeting that has been for many years; and were it not for the spirited conduct of the Earl of Surry, it would be difficult to distinguish it as a public one. On Monday there were very little company; not above five carriages appeared on the course: Tuesday was little better, and Wednesday there was no race at all, Mr Hassel's horse walking over the course: Only nine persons were at the Ordinary; the inns are quite empty, and the public houses great sufferers by the expence of their tents: The complaint of want of business and money is universal here.

"The Earl of Surry will certainly stand candidate for Carlisle; therefore his Lordship's recantation is expected very soon."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, LEITH.

ARRIVED,

July 3. Ellie, Stein, from Dublin, in ballast. 4. Cochran, Bolton, from St Kits, with tobacco, &c. Bettey, Brown, from Lairn, with limestone. 5. A Tender, from Aberdeen. 6. Peggie, M'Lachlan, from Belfast, with goods.

SAILED,

July 6. Peggie, Lamont, for Belfast, with coals. 7. Lark, Hunter, for Cork, with goods. 8. Peggie, Ritchie, for Drogheda, with salt. 9. Speed Farthing, Williamson, for Norway, in ballast.

On GUICH—

(In Answer to QUIDNUNC's *Epigram.)*

[For this Epigram see last Mercury.]

LET those who wou'd set Rodney's VICT'RY at nought,
Because his Success was not great as it *ought*,—
Remember HOW Guichen oppos'd each Design,
And then both their Merits we thus may define:—
He *scarcely can* CONQUER, whose *Foes still retreat*;
And the Man who *won't fight*—can *never be* BEAT.

Edin. Gazette. X.

Leith Shipping, July 10.—12.

ARRIVED,

Elisabeth, Ramsay, from Hamburgh, with goods; Yeing, Malcolm, goods; and some coasters with coals, &c.

SAILED,

Success, Ferrier, and Jean, Brown, for Glasgow, goods.

The CASE of a GOLD WATCH LOST.

DROPT by a Lady yesterday, the CASE of her GOLD WATCH, either on the road between Perth and Edinburgh, or in the town or suburbs of Edinburgh.—Whoever has found said case, and will return it to Mr Cowan watchmaker in the Parliament-close, shall be handsomely rewarded.

SALE OF GOODS,

At the Shop of WALTER HAMILTON and COMPANY, opposite the Luckenbooths, Edinburgh.

THE Whole STOCK of GOODS belonging to the late Copartnery of HAMILTON, DALRYMPLE, and COMPANY, are now *selling off*, mostly *below* prime cost, for ready money *only*, consisting of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimires, Rateens, and half-drab Cloths, &c.
Hunters Cloths, Duffles, & Freezes.
Rich black corded and chain silk Tabbies, Florenteens, and Satinets, &c.
Black silk Breeches-pieces, patent and common; fine worsted ditto.
Prince's Stuff and Lastings, &c.
Hair and Worsted Shaggs, Thicksets, and Stripped Flannels, &c.
Variety of silk and cotton Manches-
With many other articles too tedious to mention.

Other Stuffs for vests and breeches, &c.
Variety of second and livery Cloths.
Strong Drab ditto for servants great coats.
Variety of coloured, black and white silk and worsted Hose, common and patent.
Rich black Armazeens, Bergedusois, Sattins, and Barbaceens.
Mens cocked and Riding Hats, &c.

N. B. Among the above goods there is still on hand a very full assortment of *Second Cloths, Drab ditto, Duffles*, and *Freezes*, &c. of the best qualities, proper for *Gentlemen's Livery Servants*.

Commissions from the country carefully executed.

A SALE OF PAINTINGS.

TO be SOLD at the Palace of Holyroodhouse, at the low price marked on each, a curious and valuable Collection of PAINTINGS, consisting of about 500 in number, being the largest, as well as the most complete collection, and best calculated for household furniture pictures, of any ever exhibited in this country; among which are several Original Paintings, many very fine copies from the most approved masters, and some Portraits of living Characters.

The sale to begin on Monday the 17th curt. and to continue for one month.—Attendance from ten to six o'clock.

For further particulars, apply to James Spottiswood bookseller.

A BRIDGE to be built, and HIGHWAYS to be made, in Berwick-shire.

THE joint Committees appointed by the counties of East Lothian, Berwick, &c. for directing the further alteration and improvement of the Pease roads near Old Cambus do hereby desire tradesmen and others, who chuse to undertake to build a Bridge over the Pease Water, and to make and compleat a new road from it to Coldingham-muir (being something above two miles); and also, to repair, in a sufficient manner, the great road from Ayton-bridge over Ayton-hill (also above two miles); to lodge a plan of the bridge, with estimates of the Expence thereof; and estimates of the expence for making and repairing the roads above described, with David Renton, writer in Eymouth, clerk to the Committees, any time betwixt and the 27th day of July curt; which day the Committees are to meet at the Red Lion, Berwick, to consider the estimates, and to enter into contracts with undertakers.

Mr Buchannan, Schoolmaster of Cockburnspath, will shew the tract of Road from the Pease, and Baillie Hay of Ayton will shew that over Ayton-hill, and inform as to other particulars.

SALE of LANDS in FIFE,

And a PIECE of GROUND, &c. near Newhaven.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the British coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the twentieth day of July 1780, between the hours of four and six afternoon, by Mr Ludovick Grant accomptant in Edinburgh, as trustee for Thomas Walker, Esq of Saintford, and his creditors,

THE Lands and Estate of SAINTFORD, lying in the parish of Forgan, and shire of Fife, pleasantly situated upon the south side of the river Tay, nearly adjoining to the public Ferry at Dundee, within six miles of St Andrews, and the same of Cupar, the county town. The whole of this estate consists of about 273 acres, mostly of good arable soil. There is a neat commodious manhion-house upon the lands, with suitable offices, in very good repair, a large well stocked garden, and an orchard. The purchaser may have immediate access to the mansion-house, offices, garden, orchard, and part of the adjacent inclosures, presently occupied by Mr Walker.

Upon the estate there is a great quantity of old full grown trees, besides very considerable young plantations in a thriving condition. The yearly free rent of the estate, after deduction of all public burdens, amounts to 340 l. 19 s. 1 d. Sterling. Part of the lands are held blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote in the election of a member of parliament for the county; the remainder are held of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

There is an heritable right to the teinds of part of the lands; the tythes of most of them are valued by decreets of valuation as far back as the 1637 and 1713, and the minister of Forgan having within these 40 years got a considerable augmentation of his stipend, there can no additional burden be supposed to affect the tythes for many years hence.

For the encouragement of purchasers, this estate will be set up at 7842 l. sterling.

As also, The Park and Garden, lying near the village of Newhaven, presently possessed by James Archibald gardiner. This piece of ground is extremely well situated for a villa, being in the vicinity of Edinburgh, and commanding a most agreeable prospect of the Frith of Forth and the adjacent coasts on both sides in the counties of Lothian and Fife. The extent of the ground is about eight acres; it holds feu of the Trinity-house of Leith for payment of 18 l. 5 s. 4 d. 6-12ths yearly, and is presently let at 33 l. 7 s. 6 d. Sterling; and for the encouragement of purchasers, this piece of ground, &c. will be set up at 376 l 12 s. sterling.

The subjects will be shown by the respective possessors; and the articles of roup, plans of the whole lands, and the title deeds, are in the hands of Edward Bruce writer in Edinburgh, to whom, or to Mr Grant the trustee, those intending to become purchasers, and desirous of further information, may apply.

At LONDON for LEITH,
The KING GEORGE,

(One of the Contract Ships)

WILLIAM MARSHALL Master, is now loading at Hawley's Wharf, near the Hermitage Bridge, and will sail with the first convoy the 20th July current.

Letters on business, directed to the Master, at the Edinburgh Coffeehouse, No 1. Swithing's Alley, will be properly attended to.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 19th July current, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

THE following SUBJECTS lying in Edinburgh and Leith, viz.

LOT I. That LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE, being the first storey from the ground, of that large tenement of land, on the north side of the Castle-hill, near Ramsay Garden, lately built by John Gowwright, consisting of dining-room and drawing-room, 20 feet by 16 each, three bed-rooms, kitchen, a light closet, two cellars, and other conveniencies.

LOT II. The Tympany, or Garret Storey of the said new tenement, consisting of a dining-room, 19½ feet by 16 and nine feet high, three bed-rooms, kitchen, closets, and other conveniencies.

LOT III. The HALF of the FIRST STOREY of that tenement of Land in the Kirkgate of Leith, lately built by the said John Gow, as lately possessed by Mrs Filher, consisting of a shop, room, kitchen, closet, cellar, garret, and other conveniences.

LOT IV. The HALF of the SECOND STOREY of the said tenement, consisting of two rooms, kitchen, cellar, and garret, as possessed by Mrs Baird.

LOT V. The THIRD STOREY of the said tenement, consisting of four rooms, two kitchens, two garrets, and two cellars, the one half of which is presently possessed by Mrs Primrose.

LOT VI. The FOURTH STOREY of said tenement, consisting of four rooms, two kitchens, two garrets, and two cellars, possessed by Mr Pitrican and Mr Levan.

LOT VII. A BAKER's SHOP and OVEN, with a cellar and garret, and a room in the sunk storey of the said tenement.

LOT VIII. The Equal Half of that DWELLING-HOUSE at the head of the West Bow, immediately above the house possessed by Mr Falconer clerk in the Weigh-house, consisting of two rooms, kitchen, closet, and other conveniencies.

Lots V. and VI. are so constructed as to be possessed either by one or two families.

The said John Gow will show the different subjects, to whom, or to Mr Archibald Miller coach-maker, Canongate, or Mr James Mitchell, merchant in Leith, any persons inclining to make a private bargain may apply.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 9th August next.

THE HOUSE in Hanover Street, New Town, lately possessed by the deceased George Leslie, Esq; consisting of a kitchen floor, dining-room floor, drawing-room floor, bed-room storey, and garrets, with cellars in front, back area, and many other conveniencies; all in good order, clean and free of smoke.

The purchaser to enter at Whitsunday 1781.

The house may be seen every Wednesday and Friday, between the hours of eleven and two.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of John Anderson, writer to the signet, to whom any person intending to purchase by private bargain may apply.

SALE of LANDS in STIRLING-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 3d of August 1780, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, That Part of the Lands of POLMONT called POLMONT PARK, lying in the parish of Polmont, within three miles of each of the market towns of Falkirk, Linlithgow, and Borrowstounness.

These lands, which contain about 63 acres of a remarkable fine soil, all inclosed and subdivided with hedges, are presently let for only 51 l. 2 s. 6d, and 26 kain hens; so that a very considerable rise may be expected at the expiry of the tack, which is in a few years.—There is wood of great value ready for cutting on the lands.

There is also a house thereon, new and elegantly finished, consisting of ten fire rooms, besides closets, kitchen, &c. Being situated on the rising ground above the Kerse of Falkirk, it commands a most extensive and beautiful prospect of the Frith of Forth, Carron Works, Great Canal, and country adjacent. From this delightful and remarkably healthy place may be seen part of nine counties.

The lands hold feu of the Duke of Hamilton for payment of a small duty.

The entry to the house, which stands within an hundred yards of a very fine well, may be immediately; and to a few acres of land adjoining it at Martinmas first. The whole, or most part of the price, will be allowed to remain in the hands of the purchaser, if desired, upon proper security.

Peter Johnstone, the tacksman of the lands, will show the premisses.

The articles of roup and progress of writs are in the hands of Alexander Wight writer, Carrubber's close; to whom any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply before the day of sale.

LANDS for SALE, in the Shires of Stirling, Linlithgow, and Mid-Lothian;

and TWO HOUSES in Edinburgh; by public voluntary roup, on Wednesday the 26th of July curt. betwixt the hours of 5 and 7 afternoon, within John's Coffee-house Edinburgh.

STIRLING-SHIRE

The Lands and Estate of STEWART-HALL, and Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of St Ninians and shire of Stirling, and within two miles of each; with a Boat-Fishing on the water of Forth. The free rent for several years past has been about 360 l. Sterling, a considerable part being paid in victual, and set to four tenants only. One of the tacks expires at Martinmas next, and, by setting it for 19 years, and the mansion-house, garden, and five parks adjacent (which have been only set from year to year), the above rental may be raised, as lime and coal can be brought thereto by water. These lands are amongst the richest in the Carses of Stirling; are pleasantly situated on the water of Forth, and command a most beautiful prospect of the Castle of Stirling, and other places around; and there is a considerable quantity of valuable old timber about the mansion-house. The lands hold in part of the Crown, and such part valued in the cess-books at 333 l. 11 s. 1d. Scots. The remainder, called BOLLFORNAUGHT, hold of Mr Erskine of Mar; and, as it lies discontiguous to the other part of the estate, will be exposed separately, if purchasers incline it.

LINLITHGOW-SHIRE.

The Lands of FIDDLECROFT, lying near the Loch of Linlithgow, rented at 6 l. Sterling; and the Superiority of the lands of Couparscroft and Rivaldsgreen, all holding of the Crown, and valued in cess-books at 75 l. Scots.

MID-LOTHIAN-SHIRE.

The West Part of the Easter Half of DALRY, with the seats in the West Church belonging thereto, lying in the parish of St Cuthbert's and shire of Mid Lothian, as now possessed by James Russel surgeon in Edinburgh, at the yearly rent of 182 l. 1 s. 10 d. Sterling, being at the rate of 50 s. per acre; together also with the Superiority of certain parts of said lands, feued to Mess. Adam and Orme, for payment of 1 l. 6 d. of yearly feu duty. These lands hold of the Crown, and valued in cess-books at 600 l. Scots. They are beautifully situated within a mile of Edinburgh, on the road leading to Glasgow, of a rich soil, and completely inclosed; so that they will rise considerably in rent.

The lands will be shown by applying at the house of Stewarthall, at Mrs Finlayson's vintner Lisslithgow, and tenant's house on Dalry.

AS ALSO,

That HOUSE about the middle of Niddry's Wynd, Lockhart's Court, Edinburgh, on the west side, lately possessed by Mrs Hay of Mounthairie, at the yearly rent of 30 l. Sterling. It consists of dining-room, drawing-room, six bed-chambers, a light bed-closet with a fire-place, a kitchen, and garrets, with a variety of closets and other conveniencies, and three large vaulted cellars.

N. B. It will be let now to Whitsunday next.

AND LIKEWISE,

That HOUSE in Fowlis's Close, Edinburgh, first storey, fronting the street, presently possessed by Mrs Haldane, consisting of five rooms, a kitchen, pantry, and closets, with a cellar, and other conveniencies.

For particulars about the sale, apply to David Stewart writer to the signet, Gray's Close, Edinburgh.

At LONDON for LEITH,

The STAR, James Ritchie Master,

taking in goods at Hoare's wharf, for Edinburgh, and all places adjacent to the frith of Forth, and will sail with the first convoy 20th July curt.

Letters addressed to the Master at the Edinburgh Coffeehouse, No. 1. Swithing's Alley, will be properly attended to.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, upon Friday the 14th day of July 1780, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

The UNENTAILED SUBJECTS which belonged to the deceased JAMES CAMPBELL of Blythswood, consisting of

I. HOUSES and YARDS at Clayslop, part of the Lands of Nether Newtoun, lying in the Barony parish of Glasgow, and shire of Lanark, the proven rental whereof is - - L. 11 0 0

II. Yearly FEU-DUTIES, payable by the subvassals in the said lands of Nether Newtoun, the proven rental whereof is 29 10 4 1-12th

The Lands of Nether Newtoun hold feu of Sir John Maxwell of Pollock, for payment to, and relieving Sir John of the following feu-duties:

To Sir John, 2 s. Scots, *inde*, L. 0 0 2

To the College of Glasgow 6 bolls multure malt, and 6 bolls oat meal; which, converted at the annual proven conversion of 8 l. Scots per boll, is 8 0 0

Augmentation to the old rental, 0 0 0 6-12ths

8 0 2 6-12ths

Free rent, L. 21 10 1 7-12ths

III. Acres and Roods of Land lying in the royalty and burgh of Renfrew, and holding burgage of the town of Renfrew, the proven yearly rental whereof is - - - 10 12 3

The first class being houses and yards, is valued at fourteen years purchase, and the second and third classes, being feu-duties and burgh acres, are valued at 20 years purchase; and the proven value and upset price of the whole subjects is - L. 803 8 03-12ths

The title-deeds, rentals, and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Mess. John Callender, depute clerk of Session, and George Clapperton writer in Edinburgh, at the house of the late Mr William Aytoun writer to the signet.

By ADJOURNMENT,

TO be SOLD, by judicial roup, within the Parliament or New Session House, Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills for the time, upon Wednesday the 19th day of July curt. betwixt the hours of two and four afternoon,

The REMAINING LOTS of

The Lands and Estate of DALDERSE,

With the Pertinents, in the parish of Falkirk, and shire of Stirling, viz.

LOT I. The Lands possessed by Margaret Mackie, John Melvin, Thomas Muirhead, George Potter; and 16 acres, 2 roods, 29 falls, and 23 ells, possessed by Robert Cowan. The upset-price will be 3000 l. 4 s. 9 d. 1-12th.

LOT II. The Lands possessed by James Thomson, (now Andrew Hart), John Band, William Watson; and the miln possessed by George Potter. The upset-price will be 4437 l. 13 s. 9 d.

LOT IV. The Farms possessed by John Finlayson, William Wise, John Ranken, and John Sands. The upset-price will be 2995 l. 16 s. 5 d. 2-12ths.

LOT V. The Lands possessed by James Smith and Robert Walker. The upset-price will be 2486 l. 19 s. 6d. 1-12th.

The whole of these Lands hold of the Crown.

The Lands are of a rich soil, pleasantly situated betwixt the town of Falkirk and the river Carron, the Great Canal running through the middle of them

The articles and conditions of roup, with the title-deeds, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Cockburn or James Ferrier writers to the signet, or Alexander Rois depute-clerk of Session. And the said James Ferrier will inform as to other particulars.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, on Thursday the 20th July 1780, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of ASHINTULLY,

and other Subjects, property and superiority, belonging to Mr ROBERT MACINTOSH, Advocate, lying within the parish of Kirkmichael and shire of Perth.

The property lands are of great extent, and will admit of a considerable rise of rent, the lands having been out of lease for many years, and the present rents paid with great punctuality.

The free rent of the property lands is,	L.	254	6 1
And the feu-duties of the lands whereof the superiorities are to be exposed, extend to - -		21	16 5
	L.	276	2 6

The whole are now to be set up at 6500 l. in one lot.

		Scots.	
The valued rent of the property lands is,	L.	474	6 9
And of the superiorities, - -		1761	14 8
Total valued rent, - - -	L.	2236	1 5

The present upset price is less than twenty-three years purchase of the whole; and if the purchaser inclines to sell the superiorities separately, he may receive such a price for them, when he pleases, as would bring the price of the property lands, at the rate they are now to be exposed, under 20 years purchase of the free rent.

The vassals are numerous, many of them singular successors, and few of them entered; so that the purchaser would immediately be entitled to a composition for entries, whereof none of them appear to be taxed by the vassals charters.

The articles of sale, title-deeds, and particulars of the rental, to be seen in the hands of Mr Callender depute-clerk of Session, or Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet.

SALE of LANDS in FIFE.

TO be SOLD by public roup and sale, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 27th July 1780, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE of LATHOKER, comprehending the Mill and Mill-lands of Lathoker, the Lands of Easter Morton, Hilledean, and Constablecrook, with the Superiority of the Lands of Wester Morton, all lying contiguous, in the parish of Cameron, regality of St Andrews, and shire of Fife.——The estate consists of about 850 acres, mostly arable; and the greatest part of it is let to sufficient tenants; so that the yearly rent of the whole, after putting a moderate value upon the Mains out of lease, and converting the victual, kains, and carriages at the usual rates, is about 290 l. Sterling, free of all deductions, and without including the rent of a limekiln, set for this year.

The whole lands are capable of great improvement, as there is lime and coal upon them. The coal has been wrought for more than a year past, and at present has a very favourable appearance; and as the lands lie between three and four miles from St Andrews and Cupar, it is believed that, from the present appearance of the coal, it will turn out to very great advantage.

The whole estate holds of the Crown, as coming in place of the Bishop of St Andrews, and are rated in the cess-books of the county at 417 l. 6 s. 8d. Scots.

The title-deeds, conditions of sale, rental, and plan of the estate, are to be seen in the hands of Francis Anderson writer to the signet; to whom, or to Mr John Hay accomptant in Edinburgh, any person wanting to be informed of further particulars, may apply.—Copies of the rentals and conditions of sale are also to be seen in the hands of John Stevenson writer in Cupar.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

TO be SOLD, by roup, in the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 26th day of July 1780, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of LECKIEBANK, containing about 161 acres arable, and 80 acres pasture, in the parish of Auchtermuchty, and county of Fife.

The Lands are mostly inclosed and subdivided with stone and lime fences, and completely watered, are of an excellent soil, and in good condition, having been for several years past in the hands of the proprietor, and entitle to a freehold qualification in the county. There is a very neat house, and complete set of offices, with a good kitchen garden and pigeon-house. The situation is remarkably beautiful, dry, and healthy, and overlooks all the plain from Strathmiglo to Cupar.

The place will be shown by applying at the house of Leckiebank. Those inclining for a private purchase may apply to William Peaston, Esq; of Soutra, at his house in Cupar Fife, or to Alexander Cunningham Clerk to the Signet, who will show the title-deeds

Those who have any demands against the estate of the late Mr Baxter of Leckiebank are requested without delay to lodge with Mr Cunnyngham exact states of their debts, and interest due at Whitsunday next, specifying the dates and nature of their grounds of debt.

By ADJOURNMENT,

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 26th of July 1780, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, The following SUBJECTS in LOTS.

LOT I. All and whole the Lands and Estate of WATERSIDE, and pertinents, with the mansion-house, garden, orchard, and Salmon-fishing in the river of Nith

Also, The Lands of PENFILLAN, as possessed by John Kerr and William Bell, with the pertinents.

And the Corn, Wheat, and Barley Mill of CAPENOCH, commonly called the KEIR MILL, with the astricted multures of the same; all lying in the parish of Keir, and shire of Dumfries.

The free yearly rent of the said lands of Waterside is proven to be worth 97 l. 12 s. 10 d. sterling, which was valued at 25 years purchase, being L. 2441 0 10

The free teind (which is valued) is 2 l. 12 s. 8 d. sterl. and which is valued at 5 years purchase, being 13 3 4

L. 2454 4 2

But the upset price of Waterside, stock and teind is now lowered to L. 2300

The free yearly rent of Penfillan is 44 l. 19 s. 11 d. 3-12ths sterl. and which was valued at 25 years purchase, being 1124 18 5 1/2

The free teind, after deduction of stipend is 10 l. 2 s. 8 d. 10-12ths sterling, which was valued at 5 years purchase, being 50 13 8 1/2

1175 12 1 1/2

But the upset price of Penfillan, stock and teind, is now lowered to L. 1100

The free yearly rent of the said corn, wheat, and barley Mill is 38 l. 14 s. 8 d. sterl. which was valued at 20 years purchase, being 774 13 4

But the upset price of the same is now lowered to L. 630

Amounting the upset price of the said whole lands of Waterside, Penfillan, and Keir Mill, to L. 4030

LOT II. All and whole that LODGING or Dwelling-House, being the fourth storey of that great tenement called *Fisher's Land*, situated on the south side of the Lawn-market street of Edinburgh, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, and bed-chamber, to the street, four bed-chambers backwards; with kitchen, closets, cellar, garret, and other conveniencies; the proven rent whereof is 36 l. sterling, and the upset price, at 12 years purchase, was 432 l. sterling, but is now lowered to 400 l.

The lands of Waterside are pleasantly situated upon the banks of the water of Scar, with a commanding prospect of that water, and the river of Nith for several miles, and lie within ten miles of Dumfries, ten of Sanquhar, and two of Thornhill; and there is a genteel modern mansion house and offices upon them. The house consists of kitchen, common parlour, servants hall, cellars, and milk-house, in the ground storey; dining-room, drawing-room, bed-chamber, with a dressing-room, and large bed-closet, on the first floor; five bed-chambers and two closets on the second floor; with good garret-rooms over the whole.

The offices are a brew-house, bake-house, coach-house, two stables, a barn, and a byre, with many other conveniencies, necessary for the accommodation of a Gentleman's family.—The kitchen-garden contains above an acre of ground. The orchard contains near an acre of ground, is well fenced by barren timber, and stocked with a variety of the best kind of fruit trees. There is also a very considerable quantity of growing timber of different kinds upon these lands; and the greatest part of the whole is inclosed and subdivided, particularly those parts lying adjacent to the mansion-house are subdivided into several inclosures, and planted with hedge-rows. The lands are capable of great improvements, which may be done at an easy expence, as they lie within two miles of a lime-quarry and draw-kiln, from which a constant supply of what lime may be necessary can be had at a moderate rate.

The mill upon the lands was built at a very considerable expence within these few years, and is not only adapted for manufacturing corn, but also wheat and barley. There is also a very extensive thirle belonging to this mill.—The purchaser of lot first will have right to the superiority of the lands of Lochfoot and Kirkpatrick, which, with the valuation of the lands of Waterside, will entitle him to a freehold qualification in the county.

John Robson, tenant in Mains of Waterside, will show the lands of Waterside and Penfillan, in lot 1. and the house in Edinburgh may be seen at any time.

The title-deeds of the whole, with articles and conditions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick, one of the depute clerks of session; or William Moffat writer in Edinburgh. Persons wanting to be informed of further particulars, will please apply to the said William Moffat.

LANDS TO SELL.

THE Estate of CASTLEHILL, in the County of Caithness, comprehending the Towns and Lands of Castlehill, Gerth, Harland, and others. This estate consists of above 840 acres of ground, about two thirds of which are arable, of an excellent quality. The Lands abound in marle, most conveniently situated. There are likewise great quantities of sea weed, or ware, and shell sand, quite adjacent to the outfields on the north side, to which there is very easy access; and stones of the best qualities may be quarried in almost every part of the estate with little trouble or expence. In an arm of the sea, interjected betwixt this estate and *Dunnet Head*, there is salmon and herring fishing, and the salmon are caught within two hundred yards of the mansion house. On the shores of the estate some kelp may also be made. The mansion-house and offices are all new, large, and commodious. The estate has also an interest in a very rich and extensive adjacent common, a considerable part of which, on a division, will fall to the proprietor of it.

James Horne, writer in Edinburgh, will satisfy as to the title-deeds, show a plan of the estate, and has powers to conclude with a purchaser; and Mr Donald Macleod sheriff substitute of Caithness, at Murkle, can also inform as to further particulars.

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